

## Early Journal Content on JSTOR, Free to Anyone in the World

This article is one of nearly 500,000 scholarly works digitized and made freely available to everyone in the world by JSTOR.

Known as the Early Journal Content, this set of works include research articles, news, letters, and other writings published in more than 200 of the oldest leading academic journals. The works date from the mid-seventeenth to the early twentieth centuries.

We encourage people to read and share the Early Journal Content openly and to tell others that this resource exists. People may post this content online or redistribute in any way for non-commercial purposes.

Read more about Early Journal Content at <a href="http://about.jstor.org/participate-jstor/individuals/early-journal-content">http://about.jstor.org/participate-jstor/individuals/early-journal-content</a>.

JSTOR is a digital library of academic journals, books, and primary source objects. JSTOR helps people discover, use, and build upon a wide range of content through a powerful research and teaching platform, and preserves this content for future generations. JSTOR is part of ITHAKA, a not-for-profit organization that also includes Ithaka S+R and Portico. For more information about JSTOR, please contact support@jstor.org.

$\it Uranus.$													
0	R.	A.	Dec	linat	ion.	Ris	ses.		Tran	ısits.		S	ets.
1897.	н.	м.		٥		н.	м.		н.	м.		н.	М.
Aug. 1.	15	30		18	49	1	55	P.M.				11	41 P.M.
II.	15	31	_	18	50	I	16		6	9		11	2
21.	15	31	, <del></del>	18	52	12	37		5	30		ю	23
31.	15	32	_	18	55	ΙI	59	A.M.	4	52		9	45
NEPTUNE.													
Aug. 1.	5	24	+	2 I	52	I	25	A.M.	8	43	A.M.	4	I P.M.
II.	5	25	+	2 I	52	I 2	47		8	5		3	23
21.	5	26	+	2 I	53	12	9					2	45
31.	5	27	+	<b>2</b> I	53	ΙI	30	P.M.		48			6
MINIMA OF ALGOL, P. S. T.													
			н.	M				_			F	ī.	м.
Aug. 1.			ΙI				Αι	ıg. 18			4	ŀ	36 г. м.
4.			8	32	2 A.	М.		21	•		]	[	25 P. M.
7.			5	2	I A.	M.		24	٠.		10	)	14 A. M.
10.			2	9	9 A.	Μ.		27	<b>.</b>		7	7	3 A. M.
I 2.			IO	5	8 р.	M.		30	) <b>.</b>		(	3	52 A. M.
15.			7	4	7 P.	M.							

## DOUBLE-STAR MEASURES.

## By D. A. Lehman.

The following measures were made with the 12-inch equatorial of the Lick Observatory. The position angle is the mean of four settings, and the distance that of three double-distances. The position of the stars is given for 1880.0. In estimating seeing, a scale is used on which 5 stands for the most favorable conditions. The eyepiece used in most of the measures has a power of 500 diameters; but some of the measures were made with lower powers.

with lower po	W CI S.		
•	<b>Σ</b> 1788. (6	5.7–8).	
	R. A. 13 <sup>h</sup> 48 <sup>m</sup> 43 <sup>s</sup> . I	Decl. — 7° 28′.	
	$ heta_{\scriptscriptstyle  extsf{O}}$	$ ho_{\circ}$	Seeing.
1897.460	73°-9	3"·37	3.
1897.465	76.τ	2.98	3+
1897.477	75.2	3.62	4
1897.492	77 · 5	3.23	4
1897.47	75°·7	3".30	

	<b>I</b> 1930. (	5–10).	
	R. A. 15 <sup>h</sup> 13 <sup>m</sup> 11 <sup>s</sup> .	Decl. + 2° 13′.	
	$ heta_{ extsf{o}}$	$ ho_{\circ}$	Seeing,
1897.460	38°.7	11".35	3
1897.492	37 .6	11.04	4
1897.494	<u>37 · 5</u>	10 .57	4
1897.48	37°∙9	10".99	
	\$ 2021 (49 Serper		
	R. A. 16 <sup>h</sup> 7 <sup>m</sup> 43 <sup>s</sup> . D	ecl. + 13° 48′.	
	$\theta_{_{ m O}}$	$ ho_{\circ}$	Seeing.
1897.460	332°.9	3″∙97	3
1897.492	333 • 9	4 .27	4
1897.514	<u>335 · 7</u>	4.29	3
1897.49	334°. I	4".18	
	Sh. 228 (ρ Ophiu		
	R. A. 16 <sup>h</sup> 18 <sup>m</sup> 23 <sup>s</sup> . I	Decl. — 23° 10′.	
	$\theta_{\circ}$	$ ho_{\circ}$	Seeing.
1897.508	354°.6	3".60	3
1897.516	354 • 4	3 · 59	4
1897.519	353 .1	3.12	4
1897.51	354°.0	3"· <b>4</b> 4	
	Σ 2055 (λ Ophiu		
	R. A. 16 <sup>h</sup> 24 <sup>m</sup> 52 <sup>s</sup> .		
•	$\theta_{\circ}$	$\rho_{\circ}$	Seeing.
1897.522	53°⋅3	1".69	4
1897.525	52 .8	1 .63	4
1897.52	53°.0	1".66	
	Σ 3127 (δ Hercu		
	R. A. 17 <sup>h</sup> 10 <sup>m</sup> 6 <sup>s</sup> . D $\theta_{\odot}$	Pecl. + 24° 59′. ρ <sub>ο</sub>	Seeing.
1897.514	189°.3	14".93	3
1897.519	190.1	15 .10	4
1897.522	190 .2	15 .17	4
1897.52	189°.9	15".07	

	β 416.		
	R. A. 17 <sup>h</sup> 10 <sup>m</sup> 46 <sup>s</sup> .	Decl. — 34° 51′.	
	$ heta_{ extsf{o}}$	$ ho_{\circ}$	Seeing.
1897.508	310°.6	1″.90	4
1897.519	311.0	I .77	4
1897.522	309.2	1 .88	4
1897.525	309 .8	1 .89	4
1897.52	310°.2	1".86	
	Σ 2262 (τ Ophi	uchi). (5–5.7).	
		Decl. — 8° 11′.	
	$\theta_{\circ}$	$ ho_{\circ}$	Seeing.
1897.508	259°. I	2".21	3
1897.514	256 .o	2 .15	3
1897.525	258 .2	1 .88	4
1897.52	257°.8	2".08	
	\$ 2272 (70 Oph	iuchi). (4–6).	
	R. A. 17 <sup>h</sup> 59 <sup>m</sup> 23 <sup>s</sup> .	Decl. + 2° 33′.	
	$\theta_{\circ}$	$ ho_{\circ}$	Seeing.
1897.476	286° <b>. 2</b>	2".74	3
1897.492	280 .7	1 .91	4
1897.508	283 .9	2 .60	4
1897.49	283°.6	2".42	
	(γ Coronæ Austra		
	R. A. 18 <sup>h</sup> 58 <sup>m</sup> 18 <sup>s</sup> .	Decl. — 37° 14′.	
	$\theta_{\circ}$	$ ho_{\circ}$	Seeing.
1897.508	158°.6	2". I 2	4
1897.525	155 .0	I .79	4
1897.52	156°.8	1".95	
	Σ 2579 (δ Cyg		
		Decl. + 44° 50′.	
790# 70 <sup>9</sup>	$\theta_{\circ}$	$ ho_{\circ}$	Seeing.
1897.508	301°.2	2".25	4
1897.511	300 .I	I .72	1+
1897.525	305 .1	<u> 1 .77</u>	4
1897.52	302°. I	1″.91	

	<b>\S</b> 2583. (6	5–6.8).	
	R. A. 19 <sup>h</sup> 43 <sup>m</sup> 3 <sup>s</sup> . D	ecl. + 11° 31′.	
	$ heta_{\circ}$	$ ho_{\circ}$	Seeing.
1897.508	115°.0	1″.90	4
1897.525	113.2	I .53	4
1897.52	1140.1	1".72	
	β 151 (β Delphini)	$(3\frac{1}{2}-4\frac{1}{2}).$	
	R. A. 20 <sup>h</sup> 31 <sup>m</sup> 55 <sup>s</sup> . D	ecl. + 14° 11′.	
	$ heta_{\circ}$	$ ho_{\circ}$	Seeing.
1897.511	359°-9	o".75	3
1897.525	355 ·2	.93	3
1807.52	357°.6	0".84	

LICK OBSERVATORY, July 10, 1897.